

# Accessible infinity cosmoi (w' Steve Lack)

Intro: How do we know "alg cats" are cocomplete? Eg. Grp, Rng...

One way: Grp has limits (easy - limits well behaved)  
+ Grp is accessible (ok - filt cols well behaved)

Thm) Accessible + complete  $\Rightarrow$  cocomplete.  
still some work

Why do "alg Functor" have left adjoints?

Eg. Rng  $\rightarrow$  Grp

- Clearly pres lims (easy), filt colims (easy)

Thm)  $U: A \rightarrow B$  accessible (pres  $\lambda$ -filt cols for some  $\lambda$ )

lim pres bet. acc. complete cats,  
then  $U$  has left adj.

Pass from sets w structure  $\Rightarrow$   
cats w' str,  $\omega$ -cats w' str?

• What about 2-cat of monoidal cats & strong monoidal functors?

•  $\omega$ -cosmos & cat prod of quasocats w' finite prods?

Goal: answer these sorts of questions, focusing on  $\omega$ -cosmos world,

Overview:

- $\omega$ -cosmoi
- Access.  $\omega$ -cosmoi
- Adj. Fun. theorems & cocompl...

# $\omega$ -Cosmoi (Riehl - Velevy)

- $\omega$ -cosmos  $\mathcal{C}$  simplicially env. cat w class of "isofibrations"  $A \twoheadrightarrow B$ .
- $\mathcal{C}(a, b)$  a quasicat.
- $\mathcal{C}$  has some lims - eg prods, powers, pullbacks of isofibrations, ... + some further props.

- Basic examples:
  - $q\text{-Cat}$ : simp. env. cat of quasicats. }  $(\omega, \mathcal{I})$  cats
  - CSS: complete Segal spaces
  - $\text{Cat}$ : cats & functors

• Each quasicat  $X$  has homotopy at  $\Pi_1 X$ : some 0-cells.

• So each  $\omega$ -cosmos  $\mathcal{C}$  has homotopy 2-cat  $h\mathcal{C}$  w' same obs as  $\mathcal{C}$  &  $(h\mathcal{C})(a, b) = h(\mathcal{C}(a, b))$ .  
So  $h\mathcal{C}$  has same obs & arrows as  $\mathcal{C}$ , 2-cells are e-classes.

• Define  $f: X \rightarrow Y \in \mathcal{C}$  to be an equiv / l. or v. adjoint  $\Leftrightarrow$  it is one in  $h\mathcal{C}$  (2-cat).

• Surprisingly: captures correct

$\omega$ -categorical notions, using  
2-cat. theory

- Can talk about limits;

$A \in \mathcal{C}$  has limit of shape X if  
diagonal  $A' \xrightarrow{A'} A^x$  power  
has right adjoint.

- Then can prove eg.  
"rapl" using usual 2-cat  
proof

Applies to many notions of  
 $(\omega, 1)$ -cat: this is what  
model independent means.

- Enriched Functor  $F: A \rightarrow B$   
between  $\omega$ -cosmoi if it pres.  
isofibs & defining limits.

called a cosmological  
Function.

# Constructions of $\omega$ -cosmoi

- $\mathcal{C}$  model str enriched over Joyal model str on  $S\text{Set}$ , with all Fib obj are cofib., then  $\mathcal{C} \text{ Fib}$  is  $\omega$ -cosmos.

$\Rightarrow \text{Cat}, \text{CSS}, \text{at } \omega\text{-cosmoi}$

- $\mathcal{C} \omega\text{-cosmos} \Rightarrow \mathcal{C}^{\Downarrow} \omega\text{-cosmos of } \underline{\text{isofibs}}$
- $\Rightarrow \mathcal{C}^{\Downarrow} / A$  isofibs over  $A$ .
- $\text{Rari}(\mathcal{C}) \hookrightarrow \mathcal{C}^{\Downarrow}$  sub  $\omega$ -cosmos of maps having a right adj. right inverse (i.e. counit invertible) morphisms of adjunctions (mate invertible)  
Not full!

- If  $\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{X}' & \xrightarrow{F'} & \mathcal{X} \\ \downarrow i' & \lrcorner & \downarrow i \\ \mathcal{K}' & \xrightarrow{F} & \mathcal{K} \end{array}$  is pb of simp. cats w'  $\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{K}'$  are  $\omega$ -cosmoi, &  $F$  cosmo.,  $i$  cosmo.

embedding, then  $\mathcal{X}'$  is  $\omega$ -cosmos,  $\mathcal{K}'$  cosmo &  $i$  cosm. embedding,

- From these, can construct  $\mathcal{C}_{\text{cat}, X} \hookrightarrow \mathcal{C}$   $\omega$ -cosmos of  $\omega$ -cats w' lims or cols of shape  $X$
- $\text{Cart}(\mathcal{C}) \hookrightarrow \mathcal{C}^{\Downarrow}$   $\omega$ -cosmos of cart. Fibs, ---

# Accessible infinity cosmosi - w S. Lack

Def)  $\omega$ -cosmos  $\mathcal{C}$  is acc., if

①  $\mathcal{C}$  acc. as  $\mathbb{S}\text{Set}$ -env. cat:

- This means:  $\mathcal{C}_0$  is accessible:  
- each powering functor  $(-)^X: \mathcal{C}_0 \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$   
by a  $\mathbb{S}\text{Set}$   $X$  is accessible.

② Full subcats of  $\text{Arr}(\mathcal{C})$  containing  
isofibs, equivalences are accessible  
& accessibly embedded.

Remark: - Isofibs accessible  $\iff \mathcal{C}^{\Downarrow}$   
accessible.

- Equivs are accessible implies  
(in fact, is equiv. to)

$\exists \lambda$  st  $\lambda$ -filt. colimits  
are homotopy colimits:

if  $J$   $\lambda$ -filt cat &  $D: J \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ ,  
let  $\mathcal{Q} \rightarrow \Delta_1 \in [J, \mathbb{S}\text{Set}]$  be  
cofib. rep. of  $\Delta_1$ :

Then

$$\mathcal{C}(\text{colim } D, X) \cong [J, \mathbb{S}\text{Set}](\Delta_1, \mathcal{C}(D-, X))$$

is an equiv. of  $q$ -cats.  $\rightarrow [J, \mathbb{S}\text{Set}](\mathcal{Q}, \mathcal{C}(D-, X))$   
**IMPORTANT!**

$\omega$ -categorical notions, using 2-cat. theory

- Can talk about limits;

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- Then can prove eg. "rapl" using usual 2-cat proof

Applies to many notions of  $(\omega, 1)$ -cat: this is what model independent means.

- Enriched Functor  $F: A \rightarrow B$  between  $\omega$ -cosmoi if it pres. isofibs & defining limits.

called a cosmological Functor.

# Constructions of $\omega$ -cosmoi

- $\mathcal{C}$  model str enriched over Joyal model str on  $S\text{Set}$ , with all Fib obj are cofib., then  $\mathcal{C}\text{Fib}$  acc is  $\omega$ -cosmos.

$\Rightarrow \text{Cat}, \text{CSS}, \text{at } \omega\text{-cosmoi}$

- $\mathcal{C}$  acc.  $\omega$ -cosmos  $\Rightarrow \mathcal{C}^{\Downarrow}$  acc.  $\omega$ -cosmos of isofibs
- $\Rightarrow \mathcal{C}^{\Downarrow}/A$  isofibs over  $A$ . Tricky!
- $\text{Rari}(\mathcal{C}) \hookrightarrow \mathcal{C}^{\Downarrow}$  sub acc.  $\omega$ -cosmos of maps having a right adj. right inverse (i.e. counit invertible) morphisms of adjunctions (mate invertible)  
Not Full!

• If  $\mathcal{K}' \xrightarrow{F'} \mathcal{K}$  is pb of simp. cats w' acc.  $\mathcal{K}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{K}$  are  $\omega$ -cosmoi, &  $F$  acc. cosmo.,  $i$  acc. cosmo.

then  $\mathcal{K}$  is acc. embedding,  $\mathcal{K}'$  acc. cosmo &  $i$  acc. cosm. embedding,

- From these, can construct  $\mathcal{C}_X$   $\hookrightarrow \mathcal{C}$   $\omega$ -cosmos of  $\omega$ -cats w' lims or cols of shape  $X$
- $\text{Cart}(\mathcal{C})$   $\hookrightarrow \mathcal{C}^{\Downarrow}$   $\omega$ -cosmos of cart. Fibs, ...

# Key result

$\mathcal{C}$  acc  $\omega$ -cosmos  $\Rightarrow$   $\text{Ravi}(\mathcal{C})$  acc.

## Idea of proof

- Easier case (w' sim. proof!)
- Let  $\text{Disc}(\mathcal{C}) \hookrightarrow \mathcal{C}$  be  $\omega$ -cosmos of discrete obs:
  - $X$  is disc.  $\Leftrightarrow \mathcal{C}(A, X)$  Kan complex  $\forall A$ .
- Claim  $X$  discrete  $\Leftrightarrow$ 
  - $\mathcal{C}(B, X)$  is disc for  $\lambda$ -pres  $B$  for some  $\lambda$
  - $\exists \lambda$  st  $\lambda$ -filt wls are h. colims. Write  $A = \text{colim}_{i \in I} A_i$   $\lambda$ -filt.
  - Then  $\mathcal{C}(A, X) = \lim_{i \in I} \mathcal{C}(A_i, X)$   
homotopy lim of disc obs in  $\mathcal{Q}\text{-cat}$ .  
 $\text{Disc}(\mathcal{Q}\text{-cat}) \hookrightarrow \mathcal{Q}\text{-cat}$  cosm. embedding  $\Rightarrow$   
closed under homotopy limits  
 $\Rightarrow$  as  $\mathcal{C}(A_i, X) \in \text{Disc}(\mathcal{Q}\text{-cat})$   
 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{C}(A, X)$  discrete  $\Rightarrow X$  disc.



So

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Disc}(\mathcal{C}) & \longrightarrow & [\mathcal{C}_\lambda, \text{Disc}(\mathcal{Q}\text{-cat})] \\ \downarrow & \searrow & \downarrow \\ \mathcal{C} & \longrightarrow & [\mathcal{C}_\lambda, \mathcal{Q}\text{-cat}] \end{array}$$

is plb of acc.  $\lambda$ -pres  
cats  $\Rightarrow$  by MF th. so  
an acc  $\lambda$ -cosmos.

# Applications

- Direct app of "Adjoint Fun. Ths" (2020) w' Steve & Z. Uokviinek.
- Done for monoidal model cat  $V$ .
- Results interp. for  $\mathcal{S}Sets$  w' Joyal model str, spec. from acc. simp. cats w' cof w. lms  $\Rightarrow$  acc. inf. cosmoi.

Th 1) Let  $A$  be an acc.  $\omega$ -cosmos. Then  $A$  has Alex. weighted htpy colimits (sense of Riehl-Verity)

Th 2) Let  $A, B$  be acc.  $\omega$ -cosmoi &  $U: A \rightarrow B$  acc. cosmological functor. Then  $U$  has homotopical l. adj in sense:

For each  $b \in B \exists Fb$  &  $b \xrightarrow{\eta_b} UFb$  st  $\forall a \in A$

$$A(Fb, a) \longrightarrow B(b, Ua)$$

$Fb \xrightarrow{\alpha} a \longmapsto b \xrightarrow{\eta} UFb \xrightarrow{\beta} Ua$  is a surj. equiv. of quasicoats.

## Summary:

- Acc.  $\omega$ -COSMGI
- Most, if not all,  $\omega$ -COSMGI are accessible.
- Hence admit homotopical colimits & simple htpical adjoint functors.

Thanks!